St Georges Garden Management Plan

2008-2013

Water Feature at St Georges Garden

Green Flag Award

City of Westminster
FORWARD

Westminster is one of the most densely populated cities in the United Kingdom, if not the World, with around 90% of its residents living in flats. Hence Westminster’s parks and open spaces are enormously valued by its residents, as well as those who work and visit the city. It is, therefore the Council’s policy to work towards maintaining all of its parks to a Green Flag standard; to renew the infrastructure and to ensure that our parks and open spaces are something we can all be proud of.

I am keen that all our residents and visitors should have an opportunity to become involved in the future development of our green spaces. We need to ensure that we are providing a full range of facilities and services that local residents and visitors would like to see, which will clearly vary from park to park around the City.

In pursuit of excellence, the City Council wants each of the parks entered for the prestigious Green Flag award not only to gain but retain the award. This management plan for St. Georges Square Gardens sets out our proposed plans for the park over the next five years. The plan is intended to enable us to achieve the highest horticultural and environmental quality, to ensure continuous top quality maintenance and provide facilities for residents and visitors to play, walk, exercise and relax. All this needs to be managed to ensure that there is something for everyone in the City’s parks and open spaces.

If you have any comments you would like to make about the content of this plan, please send them to: The Parks Service, Victoria Embankment Offices, Charing Cross, London, WC2 6PB or email

Councillor Audrey Lewis
Cabinet Member for Customers and Neighbourhoods
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Information to be supplied if required
Generic Tree Management Plan
Protected Species and Habitat Survey
Example Copy of Contractors Last Annual Report.
Example Copy of Contractors Monthly Report
How to Get there:

Site Address

St Georges Garden
Grosvenor Road
London
SW1

By Car:

Access to the grounds is gained by two ways.

1. From Parliament Square proceed south along the Victoria Embankment until you get to the Vauxhall Bridge and go a further 300 metres to you come to St Georges Garden opposite Pimlico Gardens, turn right when you get to the dog area.

By Underground or Mainline Rail:

1. The nearest underground station is Pimlico Station. Leave the station and turn right for 40 metres and turn left at the round about and go a further 40 metres till you come to the centre of the parks where the fountain is situated.
Plan of the Layout of St. Georges Square Gardens
One of St. Georges Large Grass Areas to relax

One of St. Georges Rose Bed Areas
**Action Plan for St. Georges Gardens:**

Although it is intended that the action plan below will be carried out it is subject to the necessary funding being provided by the City Council.

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Executive Statement and History of the Gardens

The Council enjoys a high reputation for the quality of its Parks, Gardens and Open Spaces.

During 2006 the City Council re-tendered the Grounds Maintenance contract. The new contract has higher levels of staffing, dedicated horticultural teams and a defined patrolling service.

The Council and the re-tendering team decided early on in the process that the Green Flag Standard should be at the heart of the new contract and that all its Parks, Gardens and Open Spaces should be maintained to this standard irrespective of whether they were to be entered for a Green Flag.

In general, what is required is the best horticultural practice; the creation, and maintenance of visually pleasing horticultural features, and the maintenance of rigorous standards of discipline, cleanliness and tidiness, despite the intensive levels of use.

Their primary function is as places of relaxation, enjoyment and beauty and the primary aims and objectives are that they shall be safe, clean and aesthetically pleasing. The City Council has ensured that a staff patrolling presence has been retained throughout all opening hours.

Westminster has more tourists, day visitors, and commuters than any other local authority in the country. The population increases to over a million during the day. Its open spaces include some of the most famous squares and gardens in the country. These and the landscaping in the streets have a backdrop of over 12,000 listed buildings, again far in excess of any other local authority. Consequently these prestigious sites in the heart of London must be maintained to the highest possible standard.

**Westminster Open Space Strategy**

Over the last few years Westminster City Council has been developing an Open Space Strategy for the City based on a comprehensive study of all open space within the boundaries of the City. Extensive public consultation was undertaken during summer 2006 and the strategy document amended accordingly. The Westminster Open Space Strategy will be
formally adopted by the City Council following Cabinet approval in January 2007. It will act as a Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) as well as forming a framework for management and improvement of public open spaces across the City. The Strategy's Action Plan will be updated annually, capturing all improvements happening in open spaces in the City. It will also feed into the management of these spaces, and will guide the Management Plans for all the City's Green Flag sites.

The Open Space Strategy can be viewed online at:


AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

The City Council has always ensured that adequate funding is available to maintain the quality and the fabric of the gardens to high standards recognising the value of its open spaces. This Management Plans sets out how these high standards are being achieved, and the current management policies and proposals for the future. The primary aim is that the parks and gardens shall remain safe, clean and aesthetically pleasing places for their residents and the commuters and day visitors that come to Westminster in their millions every year, adding pressures and strains to the gardens which only an experienced trained parks team can manage. The plan sets out how they will remain places of relaxation, enjoyment and beauty.
HISTORY OF THE GARDENS

St George’s Square is a long narrow garden that lies between Grosvenor Road and Lupus Street. At the north end is a Church of St Saviour built in 1864 to the designs of Thomas Cundy the Younger. The gardens themselves were designed by Thomas Cubitt. Thomas Cubitt issued keys to the first residents around the Square in 1844. St. Georges’s Square, with its trees and shrubs, presents a healthful and cheering aspect, almost bordering on the Thames, just above Vauxhall Bridge. It covers a considerable space of ground, and is bounded on the north side by Lupus Street – a thoroughfare so called after a favourite Chrisitian name in the Grosvenor family, perpetuating the memory of Hugh Lupua, Earl of Chester after the Norman Conquest is in the Decorated style of Gothic architecture, and with its elegant tower and spire forms a striking object, as seen from the river.


Thomas Cubitt (born Buxton, Norfolk 1788–1855) was the leading master builder in London in the second quarter of the 19th century, and also carried out several projects in other parts of England.
A Welcoming Place

*Some of the Local Residents enjoying the lovely Open Space*

**Patrolling presence**

From April 2007 we will have a uniformed patrol presence that is designed to ensure the parks users can easily identify patrol staff. A description of the duties they will undertake can be found in Healthy, Safe and Secure.

There is a member of staff onsite throughout the year.

The Overall budget cost for this site is £33k per year.
Clean and Well Maintained

The Gardens are maintained by contractors to a performance specification whereby tasks are carried out as required in accordance with sound horticultural and park management practices. A client park manager responsible for all parks and gardens in the south of the City manages through the contractor all horticultural, cleansing and patrolling aspects of the garden management. A client park manager, dealing with the infrastructure of all parks and gardens in the City, deals with repairs such as replacements and improvements to paths, railings, children's playgrounds and day to day repairs.

The followings details the basic requirements:

1. The regular maintenance to a high standard of lawn and grass areas; hedges; and other planted areas.
2. The planting, establishment and maintenance of bedding schemes.
3. The planting of new and replacement trees, shrubs, hedges, herbaceous perennials, bulbs and sowing seed of annuals, biennials and perennials at the times required.
4. Routine winter maintenance tasks such as leaf clearing and pruning.
5. The reinstatement as necessary of some grassed areas and shrubberies in special circumstances, e.g. following excavation by statutory undertakers or special events held in the locations.
6. Site security, the opening and closing of all sites and presence on site daily (including weekends) throughout the year to carry out patrolling duties and normal horticultural tasks such as watering as necessary, sweeping and the removal of rubbish.
7. Sweeping and keeping clean and weed free all paths, paved areas and hard surfacing.
8. Removal of all litter, leaves and arising from the sites to a tip of the contractor's choice.

Sweeping and Cleaning

The Contractor is required to clear all litter at least three times a day throughout the year and sometimes constantly to ensure the grounds remain a pleasant place to be. A list of the Maintenance Duties is shown at Appendix 4.
Required standard:
- Sweeping is required at least daily and more often should this be required to maintain the grounds in a clean condition.
- The City Council's Street Cleansing Contractor will remove bagged rubbish on a daily basis.
- Litter bins emptied at least 3 times a day and more if required
- Loose litter to be removed as when required.

Graffiti Removal
The City Council believes that to create an environment where users feel safe, secure and are not afraid to enter the garden it is necessary to remove all graffiti as it arises.

Required standard:
- All Graffiti and Fly Posting must be removed immediately that it occurs
- Graffiti removal where possible must be carried out using environmentally acceptable products that do not cause harm to either the operator or users of the gardens

The City Council has an anti graffiti and fly poster removal group who can be called upon if the GM contractor is unable to remove the graffiti. A list of the Maintenance Duties are shown at Appendix 4.

HORTICULTURAL MANAGEMENT:

Lawns
Each year the lawns are over-seeded where shade from the trees weakens the grasses using appropriate shade tolerant species and a system of cloching with horticultural fleece that enables the grasses to re-establish before the shade and drought of summer begins. A turf comprising shade species is being used and the height of the cut is adjusted accordingly.

A seed mixture for shade tolerant areas and compacted areas was tested and results are as follows:
Mascot R19 Rhizomatous Tall Fescue
25% Grande Tall Fescue
20% Scorpio Tall Fescue
20% Elan Perennial Ryegrass
15% Neruda Perennial Ryegrass
20% Mystic Strong Creepeing Red Fescue

Required standard:

- All lawns will normally be cut weekly and to the height defined in the contract standard.
- In adverse weather conditions all lawns will be maintained as directed by an A.O. This may require them to be left to grow longer and not be watered.
- Each year the lawns will be over-seeded where shade from the trees weakens the grasses using appropriate shade tolerant species and a system of cloching with horticultural fleece that enables the grasses to re-establish before the shade and drought of summer begins.
- If turf is used it must comprise shade species and the height of the cut is adjusted accordingly.

Bedding Displays
All displays are designed by the Park Manager with the contractor and his staff contributing to the design. Trials using non peat composts have taken place and we will continue to move away from the use of peat based composts where this is practical to do so. Not all plants will thrive in non peat based composts but our contractors and suppliers are working towards being able to supply at least 30% of bedding plants in peat free composts this year.

The City Councils bedding supplier currently uses peat that is a waste product of the Finnish power industry, the top 18 inches is usually disposed of as it is unsuitable for the burning in the power stations. The peat is mixed with a composted wood chip in a 70/30 mix.
Roses, Shrubberies, Other Perennial Planting
There is an ongoing programme of renewal and replanting of shrubberies, herbaceous and other perennial planting including naturalisation of bulbs and cyclamen. All nursery stock is inspected at the nurseries by the Parks Contract Managers to ensure the quality of the plants supplied to the City Councils Parks remains high.

Disability Discrimination Act
The City Council has a positive attitude to ensuring compliance with the act and to this end has allocated Capital funding over the next three financial years to enable works to be carried out in relation to the Disability Discrimination Act to ensure equal access to all users of their Parks, Gardens and Open Spaces.

St Georges Garden complies in most respects with the Act. There are a number of instances where it does not but these will be dealt with under the program of works to be paid for from Capital funding over the next three years. There is a toilet for the disabled at the public conveniences at the entrance to the Gardens.
Benches and the Donated Benches Scheme

The garden has both Park Benches available for the use of the public. We clean and teak oil the benches on a 3 to 4 year cycle and carry out repairs as and when required. We have started on a replacement programme for some of the older ones. The replacements have two centre arms.

Donated Benches Scheme

The City Council operates a scheme whereby users of the gardens and others can if they so wish donate benches to a garden. In the main benches are donated on behalf of someone who has died but we do get others donated for other reasons such as the appreciation of the beauty and special nature of the Gardens. The City Council runs this scheme at cost as it is considered that an asset is being gained that will benefit all users of the gardens.

http://www.westminster.gov.uk/environment/landandpremises/parksandopenspaces/benches.cfm
TREE MANAGEMENT PLAN

A generic tree management plan is attached to this document detailing the City Councils approach to tree management throughout its Parks, Gardens and Open Spaces. It is intended in the coming years that this along with the Open Space Strategy be the basis of all management plans for the Parks, Gardens and Open Spaces located within the City Councils Boundaries.
Conservation and Heritage

BIODIVERSITY

Wildlife at St George's Square Gardens

St Georges Square Gardens is designated as a Site of Importance for Nature Conservation for its contribution to wildlife at a local level and provides an important green space in the context of its London location. An ecological survey was carried out in June 2006 by London Conservation Services who assessed the habitat by carrying out a Phase 1 habitat survey and a protected species survey within the gardens.

The gardens comprises of scattered trees including native species that are beneficial for wildlife. These include common lime \textit{Tilia x vulgaris}, holly, \textit{Ilex aquifolium}, and hawthorn, \textit{Crataegus laevigata}. The gardens contain planted shrubbery, herbaceous perennials, climbers, hedgerows, amenity and neutral grassland. A newly planted native species hedgerow includes field maple \textit{Acer campestre}, and beech, \textit{Fagus sylvatica}. In the more botanically diverse areas of the neutral grassland, there are a higher proportion of broad-leaved grasses and historic records exist for treacle mustard \textit{Erysimum cheiranthoides} and pignut \textit{Conopodium major}.

The semi-mature and mature trees are of value nesting birds with the climbers and shrubbery providing foraging habitat for invertebrates and birds. Hedgerows are an important ecological feature, providing cover, foraging, and nesting habitat for breeding birds.
Nature Conservation Projects

Native trees and shrubbery

Improvements will be made to increase bird nesting habitat by creating dense cover, through additional planting of suitable native shrubs with nectar rich flowers and berries. This may include planting stands of hawthorn, blackthorn, wild rose and elder. Holly, spindle and dogwood provide potential egg laying habitat and food sources for the holly blue butterfly. Rowan and silver birch are small trees that could benefit wildlife in the gardens and not shade out the under-storey habitat. When planting, species will be considered that have a nectar source, seeds and pollen for foraging invertebrates and birds.

Bird nesting boxes

Six bird nesting boxes will be added to semi mature and mature trees within the gardens and will be located out of direct sunlight, at least 2m or so above ground, facing south-east where possible. They will be located at a discrete distance away from other nest boxes. Woodcrete bird boxes will be used as they are long-lasting compared to wooden boxes, and insulate occupants from extremes of temperature and condensation. General purpose box will be erected as this is suitable for tit species and house sparrow *Passer domesticus*. 
Bat roosting boxes

Three mature trees will be chosen in the gardens to erect woodcrete bat boxes upon. The boxes will be erected at approximately 4-5m high. Each tree will host three boxes in a variation of aspects to allow the best possible conditions at different times of the year for bats to roost. This will contribute to Westminster and London Biodiversity Action Plan aims and objectives.

Invertebrates

Three insect homes will be added to the gardens to provide an area for ladybirds, lacewings and solitary bees to over-winter. These will also act as an educational feature
for the local community using the site, as small interpretation signs will be placed close by to describe the insect homes and their benefits to wildlife.

Clay and reed insect nesting aid

Lacewing

To benefit and provide habitat for invertebrates, dead wood will be left in situ where possible and two loggeries will be created to provide habitat for saproxylic invertebrates. The loggeries will be created, with the stag beetle in mind (London BAP species), in an area of dense shrubbery following recommendations provided in an advice note on Stag beetle conservation in London by the Wildlife Trust and Natural England.

Stag beetle

Stag beetle loggery

Meadow habitat

A small area of the park, which borders the hedgerow will benefit from a relaxed mowing regime, allowing a wildflower area to develop. The area will have a scalloped edge and be located by the hedgerow to improve this habitat’s edge effect for wildlife. The area will first be scarified or have the turf removed and sown with native annuals and perennials. A cornfield annual mix will benefit wildlife and provide aesthetic benefits to the park. The
wildflower area will provide a foraging and nesting habitat for invertebrates, including bugs, bees, and butterflies.

The species poor neutral grassland, located in the area controlled for dogs, will be managed to allow a greater species diversity. The grassland will benefit from a relaxed mowing regime, allowing herbs to develop.

Bumble bee

Wildflower meadow habitat

Native species hedgerow

A further native species hedgerow will be planted around the perimeter of the site, replacing the privet hedgerow at the northern end of the site. The hedgerow species mix will be the same as previously used at the park to provide continuity, including hawthorn, field maple, and beech. Using this selection of native berry producing species, especially hawthorn, the small birds will benefit from the early nectar source and late berry source, along with the holly blue butterfly (a Westminster flagship species).

Biodiversity Management Plan

- Plant a double layer of native species wildlife hedgerow around the perimeter of the park, to include the same species composition as the existing wildlife hedgerow. Manage as a wildlife hedge where possible, using the traditional hedge laying craft, after approximately 8 years growth to create a dense area of growth and ideal habitat for small birds.
• Erect bat boxes on three trees at the site using woodcrete general purpose bat boxes. Three boxes per tree facing in a variety of directions to provide suitably conditions for bats. Monitor the bat boxes annually, using the services of a licensed bat worker.

• Erect six bird boxes throughout the site, using a woodcrete general purpose bird box that will provide habitat for tit species and house sparrows. Monitor the boxes annually clearing then out and checking condition.

• Erect three insect homes in the shrubbery at the site to provide an over-wintering habitat for solitary bees, ladybirds and lacewings.

• Create a two stag beetle loggeries using hardwood logs approx 60cm in diameter, buried two thirds of the way into the ground. Monitor to ensure it does not become overgrown with vegetation.
Taking Action in Partnership for Westminster’s Wildlife

The BAP was approved by the City Council in 2007 and aims to protect and enhance wildlife, and provide further opportunities for Westminster’s residents and visitors to enjoy a green city, rich in wildlife.

The action plan focuses on seven priority habitats and five priority species. These are: parks and green spaces, churchyards and cemeteries, built environment, private gardens, standing open water, tidal Thames, veteran trees and decaying wood, bats, buttoned snout moth, house sparrow, tawny owl and hedgehog.

To view the Action Plan please visit the link http://www.westminster.gov.uk/environment/greencity/biodiversity/biodiversity-action-plan.cfm

Biodiversity and nature conservation projects at St Georges Square contributes to several habitat and species action plans within the BAP and delivers actions to conserve and improve wildlife in Westminster.
Marketing

MARKETING INFORMATION

Information about the Parks and Gardens in general is available from the City Councils web site.

In addition to the above there is a leaflet available detailing the information about each of the statues and monuments within the garden.

EVENTS AND ENTERTAINMENT

A Community Event is held every summer and approximately 2000 visitors attend the South West Festival.

St Georges Gardens Daily Head Count

A member of staff takes the count for the number of visitors coming to St. Georges, this is done three times per day for a period of 15 minutes, then the information is noted and after 1 month the totals are tallied up and a graph can be produced.
City Councils Web Site

The Parks has its own page on the City Councils Web site which is used to convey information to the public about what is happening in relation to the Parks and Gardens as a whole and St. Georges Square has its own web page

http://www.westminster.gov.uk/environment/landandpremises/parksandopenspaces/st-georges-square-consultation.cfm
Healthy, Safe and Secure

HEALTH AND SAFETY OF STAFF AND USERS OF THE GARDEN

Systems are in place to ensure health and safety is always high on the agenda. A Health and Safety Folder is kept at the location. The City Council's Health and Safety Policy statement is shown at Appendix 1. Formal inspections are carried out by the contractor monthly to a programme of selected locations.

Staff Training and Welfare

There must be an ongoing training programme of on the job training to develop the interest of gardens staff to go on to develop their career in horticulture and parks.

In 2007/08 Continental Landscapes sent 3 staffs on NVQ 2 and 3 training to Capel Manor which is still ongoing. In 2007/08 Westminster and Continental Landscapes are embarking on staff with learning difficulties being employed directly to the work force after training from Thrive Organisation and coming out with NVQ 1 and 2 qualification.

All staff must receive induction training in all aspects of the management of the gardens including health and safety, dealing with the public, incident reporting, use of machinery and so on. The City Council recognises the value of its front line staff and it is a requirement of the contractor to ensure staff training, facilities and welfare are up to acceptable standards.

Client Managers are required to attend training courses and to attend seminars and exhibitions as appropriate to keep their knowledge to the fore and to develop their full potential.

Patrolling and attendance

The City Council have always retained a staff presence at these gardens to deal with the multiplicity of anti-social acts, to deter vandalism which is very minor and to ensure that
nuisance and damage is prevented and repaired quickly when it happens. This patrolling presence is carried out in such a way as to be low key and so that the garden balances and meets the requirements of all sections of the community so far as is possible. They uphold the City Council's Byelaws for Public Open Spaces. The Details of Duties and Problems Encountered are shown at Appendix 2.

The following standard of staffing is required:
Staff member on duty throughout the year.

They will have the following basic duties:
1. Opening and closing sites in line with the byelaws
2. Inspection of playgrounds prior to opening and completing inspections form
3. Walking the sites, and carrying out visual checks of the public gardens,
4. Reporting incidents and any defects and completing relevant forms
5. Upholding the Byelaws and liaising with police and others as necessary
6. Picking up any visible items of litter
7. Assisting members of the public with information about the site(s).

Duties are multi-functional and they deal with all aspects of the running of the grounds including patrolling, sweeping and cleaning. The Details of Duties and Problems likely to be encountered are shown at Appendix 2.

Weekly Civic Watch Meetings are attended by Managers and Supervisors for more joined up thinking and more pro-active approach to problems solving in the work place.
Site checks are done by Management Team on a daily and weekly basis to limit the problems in which our staff members face each day as lone workers.
There must be close liaison with the Community Police Officer where problems cannot be dealt with directly by the staff. All staff working in the Grounds attend Dealing With the Public training courses to learn how to handle difficult people without being injured. So far, there have been no serious assaults on staff. This system has been in place for many years.

It is a requirement that gardens staffs are permanent employees who are familiar with the intricacies of the Grounds and know the people who use them.
Rough Sleepers Policy
Because of the numbers of rough sleepers in the area around St Georges Gardens there must be close liaison with the Community Police Officer, homeless persons unit and others where problems cannot be dealt with directly by the staff. We go to Local Intelligence Problem Solving Weekly meetings at Lilington State Office and deal with Civic Watch to discuss relevant issues in the parks.

Dealing with the public

All staff working in the Gardens must attend Dealing With the Public training courses to learn how to handle difficult people without being injured. The number of people attending Violent Course in November 2007 were 8 staffs and further courses in the future to be scheduled in. So far, there have been no serious assaults on staff. This system has been in place for many years. It is a requirement that gardens staff are permanent employees who are familiar with the intricacies of the garden and know the people who use them. See the extract from the Specification at Appendix 2.
Sustainability

During 2006 a “Go Green Board” headed up by the Cabinet Member for Street Environment was established within the council to oversee all aspects of greening the city.

The City Councils Environment Policy is shown at Appendix 3 and the contractors proposals for complying with the Environmental Policy are shown at Appendix 8.

Use of mulches
As part of an on-going programme shrubbery’s were mulched during the Autumn and Winter period reducing the need for watering and assisting with soil improvement. The use of mulches will out of necessity increase due to the problems encountered in 2006 with low rainfall and the effects of climate change. Our contractors will be required to work with the client side to increase the use of mulches throughout the Park, Gardens and Open spaces and to actively participate in the production of compost from green waste generated on site (see below – Waste disposal) Ref. Method Statement as described below:

- To cut grass and empty box and bring to compost bay for one layer.
- To shred down leaves.
- To bring layers of leaf mould on top of grass clippings.
- Then again bring more layers of grass clippings and so on.
- Also add bedding plants which rot down the quickest within weeks.
- Watering must be done everyday to help the process go quicker.
- Compost bay must be turned every three weeks which again accelerate the process.
- Area must be covered with carpet similar to help breakdown of organic matter, the carpet generated heat and aerobic bacteria.
- When appropriate an organic accelerator sinbio – mycoforce must be used.
- From the first process to the last process it takes 3 to 4 weeks to incorporate the recycled organic matter back in the shrub areas it came from.
We also use mulches for suppression of weed growth and in doing so we don’t have to use residual herbicides in this garden. We don’t use residual herbicides in this garden but all weeds are removed manually.

There has been a 4 month turn around of collection of green mulch and turning regularly and watering and put it back on the ground in which it came from. The shredding down of all woody material has gone back again to all the areas in which it came from and saving from the carbon footprint.

**Waste disposal**

It is the City Council’s intention that by the end of 2007 all green waste from its Parks, Gardens and Open Spaces will be recycled within the boundaries of the city and returned to the Parks as compost or mulch. This will be achieved by building large composting facilities at a number of sites with smaller ones where this is possible at other sites throughout the city.
**Water Recycling**

During 2006 a number of water butts were installed as an experiment. This as proved a success and starting in April 2007 this will be extended across the Parks and gardens wherever there are building that can supply adequate runoff from the roof. Victoria Embankment Gardens has three water butts that store the rain water from the roof of the office block.

**Recycling of litter bin rubbish**

A study carried out into the composition of the rubbish deposited in the litter bins throughout the site was carried out in 2005. Although a fair proportion of it was recyclable the cost benefit analyses showed that the cost of purchasing special bins would far out way the amount saved on tipping as general or green waste. A trial using separate bins for paper, cans and green waste is being trialed at a number of high profile sites across the city.

**Vehicle fleet**

From April 2007 the vehicles servicing the City Councils Parks, Gardens and Open Spaces will be required to meet as a minimum the Euro 4 standard. In fact the contractor in his tender submission has stated that his vehicle fleet will encompass not only the Euro 4 standard but also he will be using duel fuel and electric vehicles and also some of the patrol staff will be equipped with bicycles to further help reduce the unwanted carbon emissions and help to reduce the City Councils Carbon footprint.

**Machinery**

The purchase of new machinery i.e. pedestrian lawn mowers, ride-on machines and leaf blowers and sweeper machines once again offers the latest technology, reducing noise levels and harmful emissions.

**The new grounds maintenance contract has set a maximum noise level for all machinery of 108 decibels and this includes leaf / litter blowers.**
At a number of smaller sites the use of blowers has been banned completely and in addition where they are permitted, as at St. Georges Garden, the client side officers will be monitoring the noise levels and should it prove necessary instruct the contractor to reduce noise levels further or ban them completely and introduce the raking of lawns and shrubberies.

**Herbicides**

The City Council has restricted the use of herbicides to the absolute minimum. The new grounds maintenance contract requires that all cultural methods must have been tried and failed before herbicides can be used.
Community Involvement

City Councils Area Forums
Area Forums take place four times a year across the six areas of the City including this area where residents will raise issues if they have any to raise. Generally there are few complaints or problems to do with the Gardens and conversely many compliments are received.

In summary the conclusion was that most people come to the gardens to escape from stressful environments.

To ensure that the Gardens continue to provide the facilities most appreciated by the public, contractor’s staff collect the views of users on User Survey Forms periodically. An Information Centre will be constructed in 2008/09 to facilitate the users of our Green Parks and Open Spaces. Feedback is that the users continue to appreciate the facilities, the presence of staff on site and the high standards of maintenance/beauty of the Gardens.

Quarterly meetings are held with resident committees and sub-group garden committee.
Management

The Management of the grounds is undertaken as a joint venture between the client officers and the grounds maintenance contractor with the local community being consulted on major changes to the grounds or its facilities.

Client / Contractor relationship

The management of the garden is split between the client officers and the grounds maintenance contractor as follows

1. The client officer oversees the overall management of the grounds including the strategic decision making and provision of new or improved facilities. The client officers also are responsible for seeking internal or external funding for new or improved facilities and the maintenance of the gardens assets.

2. The contractor is responsible for the day to day horticultural maintenance and security of the gardens. The current contractor is Continental Landscapes Limited.

The contract requires that there is a partnership between the client officer and the grounds maintenance contractor to ensure that the grounds are maintained to the highest possible standard.

A structure plan is shown at the end of this section

Self Monitoring and the Contractor

The contract is a self monitoring contract whereby the contractor monitor themselves. The contractor has achieved the quality standard ISO 9002.

Monthly Report

There is a partnership between the City Council and the Contractor responsible for the Grounds Maintenance and Patrolling Services. A formal monitoring meeting is held monthly where the contractor’s performance is discussed. Here again ideas are shared, problems discussed and resolved and new initiatives and key issues are received.
A. Items Affecting the Performance of the contract.
B. Items which may Improve the Performance of the contract.
C. Items Affecting the Health and Safety of the contract.
D. Proposals for New Work Practices the contractor may wish to Introduce.
E. Staff that have received training during the month and details of training coming up during the next three months.
F. Staff deployment, including the number of agency staff employed.
G. Emergency call out arrangements for the month.
H. Contacts made by the customer during the month - compliments and complaints.
I. Staff that have been moved from a constantly manned site or group of sites.

**Annual Report**

Each year the contractor submits in March an Annual Report for the year and Annual Plan for the forthcoming year.

The content of this Plan include:

1. How the service might be improved with reference to the main elements as appropriate.
2. Training report and plan.
3. Communication with staff of Health and Safety Issues.
5. Self monitoring.

**Contract Performance Indicators**

The performance of the contract will be judged against the following criteria:

1. Complaints from members of the public
2. Compliments from members of the public
3. Number of outstanding works notices issued during the month and yearly, commencing 1 April each year.
4. The ability of the contractor to respond to outstanding works notices in a timely fashion to bring the areas back up to the contract standard.
5. Response to requests from the AO's by the contractor for information and for prices and to rectify quickly items communicated to the contractor verbally
6. The number of occasions the contractor fails to put right or there is a repeated failure to resolve key management issues

7. The health of the plants

8. The overall cleanliness of the gardens

9. Appearance of contractor's staff
Appendices

Appendix 1    Health and Safety Policy statement and sample Inspection Form
Appendix 2    Patrolling Attendance – Duties and Problems Encountered
Appendix 3    Environment Policy
Appendix 4    Maintenance Duties
Appendix 5 – Continental Landscapes Ltd. – Compliment / Complaint form
Appendix 6    Maintenance Request Form
Appendix 7    Incident Report Form
Appendix 8 – Contractors Proposals for Complying with the City Councils Environmental Charter
Appendix 1 – Environment and Leisure Health and safety Policy

ENVIRONMENT & LEISURE DEPARTMENT

HEALTH AND SAFETY POLICY

“It is our aim to achieve a level of excellence in managing Health and Safety above and beyond mere compliance with legal standards”

The above statement is taken from Westminster City Council’s general policy statement for the provision of health and safety. It specifies in clear terms the Council’s commitment to providing services that are safe and without risks beyond the required minimum standard. The Environment and Leisure dept has a moral and legal duty to ensure the highest possible standards of health and safety are provided.

It is incumbent upon me as Chief Officer for the Environment and Leisure dept to ensure all service areas responsible to me co-ordinate their activities and resources with an aim to achieving the Council’s goal.

I expect contractors and external providers of Council services commissioned and operating on behalf of the Environment and Leisure dept to ensure their undertakings are provided to the same level of excellence.

As Chief Officer responsible for the Environment and Leisure dept I will ensure that:

- Systems are established, maintained and actively promoted amongst all staff for ensuring the provision and maintenance of plant and systems of work that are safe and without risks to health.

- Systems are established, maintained and actively promoted amongst all staff for ensuring the safety and absence of risk in connection with the use, storage and transport of articles and substances.

- Systems are established, maintained and actively promoted amongst all staff for ensuring the provision of such information, instruction, training and supervision as is necessary to ensure the health and safety at work of the Environment and Leisure dept staff.

- Systems and procedures are developed, maintained and actively promoted amongst all staff for the continued maintenance in a safe condition of all workplaces under my control, and that this commitment is extended to include the maintenance of all means of access to and egress from those workplaces.

- Systems and procedures are actively promoted within the department for minimising the potential for harm, business interruption and financial loss resulting from the department’s undertakings.

- Systems and procedures are developed and actively promoted amongst all staff for the provision and maintenance of safe working environments that are without risks to health and are adequate as regards facilities and arrangements for their welfare at work.

- Systems and procedures are developed and actively promoted within the department concerning the selection and appointment of external organisations and bodies corporate in relation to the provision of goods, services and works. That defined systems and procedures establish provision for the active monitoring and review of the contracted organisations with regard to the provision of health and safety.
• Joint mechanisms and forums are established and developed for the purposes of keeping under review the aims and objectives of this policy statement.

• Adequate funding and resources are programmed and made available by me in pursuant of the aims and objectives of this policy.

• All staff at all levels will actively assist me to achieve the aims of this policy.

• Competent persons and advice are made available to all staff and managers in pursuant of the objectives of the department’s health and safety policy.

• The contents and objectives of the department’s health and safety policy are reviewed in accordance with the demands of changing legislation and business objectives. That such revisions and modifications are brought to the attention of all staff and those affected by its undertakings.

I am further committed to ensuring the Environment and Leisure department develops a positive health and safety culture throughout and pursues the highest standards of health and safety management.

I aim to promote the effective integration of health and safety into the everyday management of the department’s work, i.e. whenever changes to the organisations structure, accommodation, equipment and working systems are contemplated, the health and safety consequences will be carefully considered and appropriate action taken.

Individuals throughout the Environment and Leisure department, particularly management at supervisory level have defined and specific health and safety responsibilities. These responsibilities will form a significant and measurable part of their key objectives against which there overall work performance will be assessed. This will enable line managers to actively manage health and safety matters under their control.

My ultimate aim is to create a department in which accidents; injuries and loss are eliminated and good health promoted.

Individuals throughout the Environment and Leisure department will be made aware of their responsibilities through appropriate training. This will be provided by my Health and Safety Manager and where appropriate suitable external providers.

This policy details the organisational structure and arrangements for the effective management of health and safety throughout the Environment and Leisure department. The Environment and Leisure departmental structure and arrangements are appended to this policy statement. This policy should be read in conjunction with the Council’s Corporate Health and Safety Policy.

[Signature]

Director for Environment and Leisure

Date 01/ November 2005
The Director of Environment and Leisure will ensure:

- The production of annual plans and strategies detailing the Environment and Leisure dept’s health and safety objectives, inclusive of key tasks and targets.
- The provision of necessary funding and resources to maintain and improve health and safety standards within the Environment and Leisure dept when compiling annual budgets.
- The elimination of hazards and risks within their sphere of influence through a comprehensive programme of hazard identification and risk assessment.
- That all accidents, assaults, dangerous occurrences, occupational ill health, near misses and unplanned events are thoroughly investigated, recorded and promptly acted upon in line with the WCC policy for accident and incident investigation.
- The Environment and Leisure dept adheres to and complies with all corporate codes of practice, guidance and policies regarding the provision of health and safety.
- They remain abreast and are made aware of all changes in health and safety legislation, technical and authoritative guidance relative to their sphere of influence.
- Access to specialist health and safety advice where required.
- They maintain an overview of the business of the dept’s health and safety committee.
- They attend the dept’s health and safety committee and approve actions arising therefrom.
- An effective programme of health and safety surveillance for staff.
- The entire Environment and Leisure dept employee’s are provided with information concerning the council and dept’s health and safety policies, any relevant codes of safe working practice and procedures relevant to their undertakings.
- Employees at all levels within the Environment and Leisure dept receive the necessary information, instruction, training and supervision to enable them to undertake their duties in a safe manner.
- Health and safety responsibilities are incorporated into individual job descriptions.
- Employees at all levels within the Environment and Leisure dept are competent to undertake their duties.
- That systems and procedures exist for the review and modification of health and safety systems, policies, guidance and practices within the Environment and Leisure dept. That any modifications or amendments of such health and safety matters are brought to the attention of all Environment and Leisure dept staff.
- That the business activities and practice’s of the Environment and Leisure dept do not compromise or adversely affect the health and safety of the public, service users or visitors to premises under its control.
- Adequate arrangements and forums for discussions with the recognised Trade Union health and safety representatives for health and safety matters.
- Seek to develop and promote a positive health and safety culture within the Environment and Leisure dept.
- Set a good personal example.
The Heads of Environment and Leisure Services will ensure:

- That Environment and Leisure staff in the service areas under their control are made aware of the contents of and understand the objectives of the Environment and Leisure dept’s health and safety policy.

- The provision of necessary funding and resources to maintain and improve health and safety standards within the service areas under their control.

- The elimination of hazards and risks within the service areas under their control through a comprehensive programme of hazard identification and risk management.

- Effective communication arrangements exist within the service areas under their control for the consideration and dissemination of health and safety information and advice.

- That all employees within the service areas under their control receive the necessary information, instruction, training and supervision to enable them to undertake their duties in a safe manner.

- The development of an annual plan with clear and measurable health and safety objectives for the service areas under their control.

- Employees in the service areas under their control are competent to undertake their duties.

- All accidents, assaults, dangerous occurrences, occupational ill health, near misses and unplanned events in the service areas under their control are thoroughly investigated, recorded and acted upon in line with WCC policy for accident and incident investigation.

- Employees in the service areas under their control have access to competent advice for health and safety matters.

- Adherence to and compliance with all corporate codes of practice, guidance and policies regarding the provision of health and safety.

- Health and Safety responsibilities within the service areas under their control are defined and understood by those within defined responsibilities.

- All works carried out in the service areas under their control are undertaken with due regard to the council’s policies and standards for health and safety.

- Consult and co-operate with all recognised Trade Union health and safety representatives on appropriate health and safety matters.

- That business activities and working practice’s of the service area they are responsible for do not compromise or adversely affect the health and safety of the public, service users or visitors to premises under their control.

- Set a good personal example.
All service managers in Environment and Leisure dept shall ensure:

- They read and understand the Environment and Leisure dept health and safety policy and ensure that its contents are brought to the attention of all staff under their control.
- They attend the appropriate health and safety training as directed/required by the Director of Environment and Leisure.
- All employees under their control receive the appropriate information, instruction, supervision and training required for them to undertake their duties safely.
- Risk assessments are carried out for all work activities and that all work activities and practices are conducted in a manner as to reduce, so far, as is reasonably practicable the risks.
- All employees under their control are trained in the health and safety requirements of their work and that all work is carried out in a safe manner.
- All work is carried out in accordance with the Environment and Leisure dept’s health and safety policy requirements.
- Adequate contingency arrangements are in place for each work activity and that employees are aware have and have received training in these procedures.
- All accidents, incidents, dangerous occurrences, near misses and occupational illness are investigated, recorded and reported in accordance with the WCC policy for accident and incident investigation.
- Adequate safety notices and information are displayed and provided for the attention of staff and visitors.
- All offices and workplaces under their control are laid out correctly and maintained in a manner free from risk for staff and visitors.
- Procedures exist for the isolation and recording/reporting of defective equipment.
- Workplaces under their control are adequately provided for in terms of welfare and first aid.
- Employees are provided with adequate Personal Protective Equipment and defined safe systems of working.
- They establish effective means for ensuring the maintenance and suitability of health and safety measures provided for the benefit of staff.
- Consult and co-operate with all recognised Trade Union health and safety representatives on appropriate health and safety matters.
- Prepare reports on health and safety matters appropriate to the service/s under their control.
- Ensure adequate health and safety advice and guidance is available to all staff in service areas under their control.
- Endeavour to establish at all levels within their sphere of influence an effective health and safety culture and an appreciation of the aims and objectives of the Transportation dept’s health and safety policy.
- Set a good personal objective.
Staff in the Environment and Leisure dept will ensure:

- They read and understand the Environment and Leisure dept health and safety policy.
- Conduct their work activities in a safe manner at all times, wear the appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) provided.
- Act upon any instruction, order and/or request given in relation to their safety.
- Report to their management any accident, near miss or dangerous occurrence however small.
- Do not recklessly interfere with, misuse, alter or amend anything provided by management for their safety.
- Attend training courses and seminars as directed by management.
- They report to management any defective equipment, PPE or unsafe practices they become aware of with immediate effect.
- Do not circumvent, disregard or ignore any guidance, instructions and systems of working or practices provided for their safety by the Environment and Leisure dept.
- Promote the aims and objectives of the Environment and Leisure dept health and safety policy.
- Assist the Environment and Leisure dept by helping it achieve its health and safety objectives.
- Suggest safer procedures and set a good personal example.
## Messroom, Environment and Welfare:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Petrol / Chemical Storage:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Are all lights Working</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Are all heaters working and in a safe condition</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Is all the other electrical equipment on site in a safe and serviceable condition</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Are there any items which could cause a trip, fall or may be dangerous</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If yes list below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Fire Fighting Equipment:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Are tools and Machinery stored away from mess facilities?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Are inflamible or toxic chemicals safely stored and locked away?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Are records kept of Chemicals stored?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Are containers of chemicals, petrol and storage facilities correctly labelled?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If yes list below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Fire Fighting Equipment:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Are the equipment correct for the type of fire likely at this location?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Is there a fire blanket provided in cooking areas?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Have staff been trained in the use of extinguishers and what actions to take in the event of a fire?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Have extinguishers been checked in the last 12 months</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Children’s Playgrounds:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Are playground equipment in good visual order?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Is the surface of the playground in good visual order and kept clean?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Has the daily inspection sheet been completed?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Horticultural Machinery:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Are all guards in place?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Have the Operatives been adequately trained on equipment being used?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Are maintenance records kept for each machine?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Are all electrical leads/ plugs etc in good order?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Have all generators been equipped with residual current Circuit Breakers?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Garden Working Area:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Do walls, fences and pathways show visible signs of damage?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Are there any obstructions or projections which could cause injury to Council staff, contractors or the public.</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Is dog fouling/litter a particular problem in the area.</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Protective Clothing:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Is protective clothing supplied where necessary and properly stored?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Is protective clothing being worn?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Other H&amp;S items Found but not listed above:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Is there a Health and Safety (Garden folder) on site?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Does folder contain up to date information?</td>
<td>Yes No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX 2 - PATROLLING AND ATTENDANCE DUTIES AND PROBLEMS ENCOUNTERED

The following is a list of some of the duties and problems that will be encountered when carrying out patrolling duties.

**Duties**

1. Upholding City Council's Byelaws for Public Open Spaces
2. Calling emergency services, police to deal with difficult situations
3. Inspecting lifebelts, replacing
4. Warning members of the public in breach of Byelaws, starting prosecutions, court appearances
5. Reporting/handling in stolen or lost items to the Police
6. Checking consents for access to gardens, filming and photography.
7. Crowd control at rallies.
8. Ensuring security and looking out for any suspicious packages.
9. Putting out deckchairs.
10. Administration of first aid.
11. Reporting water bursts.
12. Reporting hazards noted day to day or as may arise from Health and Safety Inspections.
13. Dealing with large numbers of foreign tourists entering the Gardens and cleaning up litter particularly from fast food outlets and take away.
14. Attendance after school hours and in school holidays in parks to prevent misuse/abuse by children.
15. Dealing with crowds from Lords Cricket Ground in St. John's Chapel Grounds.
16. Preventing unruly youths playing football and drinking.
17. Control of lunch time crowds in Gardens by Oxford Street, Soho and Christchurch Gardens.
18. Preventing the gardens becoming a meeting place for undesirable groups such as vagrants and groups of drinkers by moving them on.
19. Reporting to Police incidences of bag snatchers.
20. Watching people who are potential troublemakers and preventing/deterring them from creating trouble.
21. Providing security when demonstrations are taking place.
22. Calling Police for assistance.
23. Relocating benches which have been carried into Shrubberies.
24. Checking play equipment daily.
27. Reporting vandalism as it arises.
28. Ensuring consents for access to gardens by contractors carrying out work on adjacent buildings are complied with i.e. scaffolding properly stacked.
29. Reporting abuse of conditions for the use of parks.
30. Completion of accident and incident report forms.
31. Ensuring telephones are in working order.
32. Reporting damage to railings by cars.
33. Reporting trees in an unsafe condition, hanging branches etc.
34. Preparation for Royal Events at Marble Arch, Hyde Park Corner.
35. Attendance at children's playgrounds.
36. Giving advice to the public.
37. Giving local information and historical facts about sites.
38. Maintaining notice boards - putting up posters and removing at the correct time.
39. Taking deliveries of benches donated by the public.
40. Completion of Incident Report Forms.
41. Completion of Accident Report forms involving the public.
42. Attending community and prestigious events to ensure smooth running.
43. Dealing with public control at events and band performances.
44. Dealing with constant enquiries from tourists asking for direction and information.
45. Dealing with enquiries from tourists and other members of the public about plants in Gardens.
46. Public safety at band performances and events.
Problems

The following incidents are mainly covered by the Byelaws and have to be dealt with and prevented from happening.

1. Radios being played.
2. Dog fouling.
3. Cycling.
4. Vandalism.
5. Glue sniffing.
7. Alcoholic drinking parties and vagrancy.
8. Public conveniences - attendance to prevent use for sex purposes.
11. Playing football among ornamental areas.
12. Marauding youths - fights.
13. Crowds at events damaging the gardens.
15. Graffiti.
17. People urinating in Gardens, defecating in shrubberies etc.
18. Unauthorised fly posting.
19. Homeless families B&B, abuse to gardens.
20. Drunken youths.
21. Vagrants/tourists sleeping in shrubberies and on benches at night.
22. Illegal entertainment - jugglers, singers, buskers.
23. People wading/washing in pools, fountains, drinking fountains.
25. People being pestered by vagrants.
26. Trespass from boating base in the form of illegal parking and stacking of boats and materials at Pimlico Gardens.
27. Abuse of no go areas in parks for dogs by members of the public taking in their dogs.
28. Conflict between school children and residents.
29. Mothers with young children, youths. Dealing with conflict at play areas.
30. Public playing games or trekking through areas of lawn planted with naturalised bulbs.
32. Problems of dealing with people who have got in and slept overnight at a Garden when opening in the morning.
33. People sleeping on benches preventing others sitting down.
34. Vehicles entering the Gardens without permission.
35. Overseeing gardens used for fire assembly points during fire drills from neighboring buildings.
36. The list is an indication only of the duties and problems that have to be dealt with and does not represent a complete list and the contractor shall deal with these and any others not listed as they arise.
APPENDIX 3 – Environment Policy

WESTMINSTER CITY COUNCIL
ENVIRONMENT POLICY

The aim of this policy is to protect and improve the environment locally, nationally and globally by defining Westminster City Council’s commitment to becoming leaders in good environmental practice and innovation. Westminster City Council is committed to:

Environmental Law and Standards

• Complying with all relevant environmental law, regulations and codes of good environmental practice.

Protecting and Improving the Environment

• Preventing pollution of the environment through reducing resource consumption and minimising emissions and waste.
• Continual improvement in environmental performance by setting and reviewing targets to meet the Environmental Objectives.

Assessment of Long Term Environmental Benefits

• Ensuring environmental costs and benefits are included in the assessment of tenders.

Environmental Management of Contracts

• Choosing environmentally sound works, goods and services.
• Including environmental criteria in contract specifications.
• Assessing environmental impacts as part of contract evaluation.
• Managing contracts in ways that achieve good environmental practices and outcomes.

Environmental Awareness

• Increasing environmental awareness of Westminster residents, businesses and visitors.
• Fostering understanding and commitment to the Environment Policy by City Council employees and representatives.

Environmental Management

• Implementing environmental management systems for communication and training.
• Integrating environmental management systems with the City Council’s corporate procedures.

Environmental Information

• Public environmental reporting and providing environmental information and advice.

Compliance with the Environment Policy
Ensuring that staff, contractors, suppliers and visitors comply with the Environment Policy.

Approved by Councillor Simon Milton, Leader and Peter Rogers, Chief Executive
Westminster City Council – October 2002
The Council’s Environmental Objectives are:

**Air**
- Reduce air pollution
- Minimise vehicle use, vehicle emissions and fuel consumption
- Use and promote low or non-polluting methods of transport
- Ensure clean air in buildings
- Minimise activities that contribute to climate change, ozone layer depletion and acid rain

**Water**
- Prevent water pollution
- Reduce water consumption

**Land & Habitats**
- Protect existing landscapes, open spaces, habitats and wildlife
- Create new habitats and opportunities for wildlife
- Manage activities to minimise their impact on biodiversity
- Ensure that land is not contaminated

**Built Environment**
- Minimise the impact on the environment of buildings, structures, highways and construction
- Keep the City clean

**Transport, Access & Mobility**
- Maximise accessibility and mobility with the minimum environmental impact

**Energy**
- Minimise energy consumption
- Use renewable energy sources

**Noise**
- Prevent noise nuisance
- Contain, control and reduce noise

**Waste & Recovery**
- Reduce waste at source
- Reuse and repair materials that cannot be reduced
- Recycle materials that cannot be reused
- Recover resources from waste

**Resources & Materials**
- Minimise the use of materials
- Purchase products with the least environmental impact
- Use recycled products
- Purchase timber and timber products from legal and sustainably managed sources

Approved by Councillor Simon Milton, Leader and Peter Rogers, Chief Executive
Westminster City Council – October 2002
APPENDIX 4 – Maintenance Duties

1. Litter picking - at least three times a day and more frequently on some West End sites.
2. Path sweeping, hosing down and cleansing when public are not sitting on the benches.
4. Sweeping children's playgrounds first thing in the morning and check area and equipment for any defects.
5. Ensuring rubbish is collected and removed to tip by transport.
6. Replacing/renewing wood chip safety play surfaces which has been strewn around the playground.
7. Emptying litter bins up to three times a day or more frequently on some West End sites and replacing bin liners.
8. Cleansing off vomit, human excrement, bird droppings and other noxious materials from garden areas footpaths and park furniture.
9. Reporting defects in footpath, repair and maintenance requirements as they arise on forms provided.
10. Toilet cleaning.
11. Cleaning mess facilities and stores.
13. Replacement of consumable stores - soaps, towels, toilet rolls, light bulbs etc. in public conveniences and toilets.
14. Ensuring dog exercise areas are kept clean.
15. Removing dog faeces from paths, flower beds, lawns, shrubberies.
16. Quickly sweeping away bread deposits left by people feeding pigeons to discourage the birds.
17. Washing down statues, paving and treating with moss killer for Marshal Foch ceremonies at Lower Grosvenor Gardens.
18. Sweeping kick-about areas.
19. Cleaning shelters used as toilets by vagrants.
21. Sweeping up broken glass and smashed bottles.
22. Removing graffiti.
23. Clearing leaves.
24. Jet Washing
25. Watering.

The list is an indication only of the environmental problems and duties that have to be dealt with and does not represent a complete list and the contractor shall deal with these and any others not listed as they arise. (See Appendix ...... for Gardening and Patrol duties)
COMPLIMENT/COMPLAINT FORM

If you would like to comment on the garden please fill in the form below. Adding an address is optional. Please pass the completed form to a member of Continental Landscapes Ltd.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPLIMENT</th>
<th>COMPLAINT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Please tick as appropriate</td>
<td>SITE:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COMMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Signature  Date
# Maintenance Request Form

**City of Westminster**  
**PARKS SERVICE**

## Site:  
**Date:**

The work detailed below is requested following an inspection as detailed (please tick appropriate box):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Client Site inspection</th>
<th>Contractor Inspection</th>
<th>Health &amp; Safety Inspection *</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

* If H&S Inspection attach H&S Insp. Rep. and fax immediately to Contract Manager (Maintenance)

**Location and Description of Work Required:**

---

### For Client Office Use only:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date Received:</th>
<th>Priority:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Help desk Notified:</td>
<td>Help desk No:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contractor Notified:</th>
<th>Health and Safety related: YES / NO</th>
<th>Cost £:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fee £:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
APPENDIX 7 – INCIDENT REPORT FORM

Parks and Leisure Service
Incident Report

Note - This form to be used only for reporting incidents to Client Managers

Reference No:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Site:</th>
<th>Contractor:</th>
<th>Attendant:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Location of incident on site:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Incident:</td>
<td>Time of Incident: : am / pm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accident Report Completed: Yes / No</td>
<td>Accident Report No:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description of Actual Incident: (Do not include personal comments in the description of the Incident)

Signature of person making entry:

Witness Name and Address: (If more than one add a separate sheet)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Post Code:</th>
<th>Tel No: (0 )</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Emergency Services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Police Called: Yes / No</th>
<th>Called: am / pm</th>
<th>Arrived: am / pm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Police Station:</td>
<td>Police Name &amp; No:</td>
<td>Crime No:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Action taken by Police:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Called: Yes / No</td>
<td>Called: am / pm</td>
<td>Arrived: am / pm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Action taken by Fire Brigade:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambulance: Yes / No</td>
<td>Called: am / pm</td>
<td>Arrived: am / pm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Action taken by Ambulance:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FOR CLIENT USE:

Incident Report Received: ....... / ........ / ........

Action Taken by client:

Top (Yellow) copy to Client Manager within 48 hours of incident. Contractor to retain green copy.
Note - If Incident is of a serious nature Fax top copy immediately to Client Managers.
Appendix 8 – Contractors Proposals for Complying with the City Councils Environment Charter

Environment Policy

We have an environmental policy that is adhered to on all contracts, the aim being to protect and improve the environment wherever possible. A copy is enclosed at Appendix __________________. Where possible this will be reviewed along with our Green Charter to reflect the City Council’s Environmental Charter. The following text outlines how we hope to achieve this.

We operate a ‘Green Charter’ policy, which is implemented on all contracts. This not only sets out our aims and achievements, but indicates how we should try to improve the environment through our work practices.

A copy of the current Green Charter is enclosed at Appendix _______ As with all policies and procedures, this is continually assessed, modified and developed to ensure our impact on the environment is kept to a minimum.

Staff Training and Awareness

Whilst having an environmental policy sets out objectives, this can only be effective if it is implemented on our contracts. This requires all staff to be aware of its existence and how to achieve the objectives.

We do this in several ways. When staff commence work with us, they are all given induction training that covers a range of topics of which our environmental policy and procedures is one.

This is further addressed by six monthly refresher training on site and by continual monitoring by our supervisory and management staff to ensure employees are complying with the policy.

Waste Management and Recycling

Proposals Introduction

As a large grounds maintenance company, we see it as our duty to protect the environment and to minimise the effect that our work may have on the environment. To this end, we have developed a Green Charter that is adapted company-wide and goes much further than simple waste management and disposal.

Turning to the issue of waste management, a grounds maintenance contract such as this one, produces large volumes of waste material throughout the year, all of which has to be dealt with in the most efficient and effective manner.

Continental Landscapes Limited is committed to waste recycling whenever feasible, because it not only reduces the high cost of waste disposal, but also is friendly to the environment.

In order to achieve this aim, it is our intention to implement the following strategy, which is already in operation on a number of similar sized contracts. We intend to:-

- Recycle all tree brash and shrub prunings by chipping and composting for a minimum period of six months and utilising the end product for mulching of shrub and rose beds and as a soil conditioner where feasible.
• Segregate tin cans and bottles for recycling through respective outlets.

• Use waste skips to dispose of rubbish and waste materials that cannot be recycled

• Stack timber in suitable sections for re-use by appropriate timber merchants where it can be used for pulpwood or similar products.

• Shred waste paper collected from offices and send it via suitable recycling companies for re-use. Provision of collection boxes in offices will be utilised for this service.

• Collect plastic trays and pots from bedding plants and pass these on to suitable organisations for re-use rather than allowing them to be destroyed via landfill.

These functions will be co-ordinated and controlled via a central contract depot, which will be used for the segregation of materials and the establishment of separate bays for the storing and composting of the relevant products.

Waste skips will also be provided at this depot for disposal of material not suitable for recycling.

We have detailed the main areas where waste can be recycled, but there are further steps which can be taken, both to safely dispose of waste materials and to re-use items from the contract. Examples of these ideas are described in detail below.

1. **Pesticides**

As a Company, we advocate the use of CDA products to reduce the need to mix chemicals with water, which avoids user contamination and spillages. CDA methods also eliminate waste spray materials that result from over-mixing when using knapsacks, and this avoids the need to establish safe methods for disposal of such waste.

Empty containers from CDA spraying are stored safely on site and returned to the manufacturer for safe disposal, which again eliminates the risk of contamination at site. It is our policy not to burn or bury such waste containers.

2. **Tree Stakes/Guards**

During routine immature tree maintenance works, the removal of supporting stakes and protective tree guards is undertaken. Rather than disposing of such items to landfill sites, we carefully remove each item so that it can be used again, providing it is in good condition.

3. **Scrap Metal, etc**

Scrap metal, batteries and old machinery parts are disposed of through scrap metal merchants to ensure safe disposal and allow the possibility of recycling where appropriate.

4. **Waste Oil**

Waste oil is stored at our workshops in appropriate containers and passed to specialist companies who deal in reclaiming this product. This avoids contamination of landfill and watercourses.

The combination of these waste control methods, we feel, has a twofold advantage in that it allows materials to be recycled, thus reducing the demand on the environment, and it minimises the material having to be disposed of through landfill sites, which is a costly and finite resource.
Protection of Scarce Resources

Through our company Green Charter and the methods we employ on contracts, we endeavour to protect scarce resources and use environmentally friendly alternatives whenever possible. For example, we:-

- avoid the use of tropical hardwoods unless proven to be from sustainable forests. Such products would be used for seat repairs.
- use alternatives to peat based composts for bedding plants, shrubs and trees whenever feasible
- recycle and re-use products whenever possible to reduce the drain on resources, i.e. recycled paper

These steps are only a start, and need to be continually monitored and developed to ensure our work is as environmentally friendly as possible.

Noise Pollution

As detailed in the Green Charter, where possible we would seek to keep to a minimum the noise element of the company's operations. Where we carry out operations that by their very nature are particularly noisy, we would seek to carry out such operations at times that cause the least inconvenience. With the reduction of blowers this will help us reduce the noise pollution.

Noise levels in society are increasing to an unacceptable level, and we raise the awareness of all members of staff on the problems of noise and the part they can play in reducing noise levels. This can be as simple as identifying immediately when a fault on an item of equipment occurs which increases the noise level, to not revving vehicle engines unnecessarily.

All machinery purchased is bought with consideration to factors such as noise pollution, all current tractors and lawnmowers (the majority of machinery) conform to the current mandatory requirements for tractors and lawnmowers.

Tractor operator directive 77/311/EEC
Tractor bystander directive 74/151/EEC
Lawnmower directive 84/538/EEC
Lawnmower (operator's ear) directive. 88/181/EEC

In addition to this, the following working practices contribute to reducing noise pollution and these are enforced on all our contracts:-

6. Working in sensitive areas only at specific times of day to minimise disruption to the public. For instance, only operating adjacent to housing areas between the hours of 08.00 and 17.00 Monday to Friday, and avoiding weekend work unless it is an emergency.

7. Regular servicing and maintenance of all equipment.

8. Instructing and training staff in correct machinery operation. Avoiding over revving of an engine reduces noise output and is often unnecessary, the same amount of work being completed at a slower engine speed, e.g. this is applicable to strimmers, hedgecutters and ride-on mowers.

9. Ensuring all new equipment complies with EU regulations and has CE approval confirming it has met stringent guide-lines.
10. Instructing our staff how to behave on site, not shouting and using personal radio.

11. Likewise, not to operate vehicle radios at high volume regardless of where they may be.

The combination of these measures, along with regular review and upgrading as necessary, will ensure we minimise the effects our contract operation will have on the environment.

**Air Pollution**

As detailed in our Green Charter, where possible we seek to keep to a minimum the effect on air quality of our company's operations. Our vehicles and machines are bought following consideration of the effects on the environment of running such vehicles.

Continental Landscapes Limited has a policy of generally running commercial vehicles for four / seven years where practicable, and / or a limited annual mileage. Whilst this is an economic decision, it also ensures that we do not continue with old diesel engines that can cause air pollution.

We also comply with the following policy where feasible:-

- We use unleaded petrol engines on all petrol vehicles
- We use unleaded petrol in small machinery
- Where possible, diesel engines have been purchased in the past. This policy is currently under review in the light of recent findings regarding diesel engine pollution.
- We purchase small petrol machines fitted with catalytic converters where available, i.e. chainsaws and pedestrian rotary machines

**Water Pollution**

There are a number of measures that can be taken to reduce or eliminate the risk of water pollution that we already implement on existing contracts. Examples of these are:-

8. Only using CDA chemicals such as herbicides to avoid the need for mixing with water, not having to rinse out containers and not having to dispose of surplus spray mix. All of these operations provide the potential to contaminate water and CDA's are an effective way of avoiding this.

9. Correct storage of chemicals, fuels and oils using suitable storage units and tanks, e.g. chemsafes and diesel tanks with appropriate bund walls. Should there be a leakage from the containers, the units retain the spillage and prevent potential water contamination. It is also essential to locate the storage units away from watercourses and drains to avoid possible contamination.

10. If the unfortunate event of a chemical, oil or fuel spillage occurs, it is essential to have the correct absorbent materials available to deal quickly with the spill, and avoid contamination spread. Once the spill has been absorbed, all contaminated material is then placed in bags for safe disposal through licensed waste disposal contractors.

11. Waste oil is disposed of through appropriate companies that specialise in reclaiming such products. This eliminates the risk of the materials being sent through normal waste disposal channels.
12. From an environmentally friendly view point, the use of alternative methods to chemical weed control can be implemented to reduce the use of herbicides and minimise the risk of water contamination, i.e. mulching of shrub, rose and flowerbeds, and the use of geotextile membranes in similar situations.

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15. Where herbicides have to be used, contact or translocated products can be used instead of soil acting residuals, i.e. Glyphosate in place of Diuron. This avoids the possibility of leaching of the chemical into the watercourses.

16. Fertilisers of an organic nature rather than inorganic can be used to reduce the risk of nitrate leaching into the water.

These methods are a start to reducing water pollution, but as with all our systems, are continually monitored and reassessed to ensure they remain effective and up-to-date.

**Environmentally Compatible Materials, Equipment and Vehicles**

Many of the materials, methods of operation and equipment listed in the previous sections on noise, air and water pollution highlight those items compatible with the environment. To summarise, these are as follows:-

9. Vehicles and equipment will run on unleaded petrol or diesel and will not normally be more than seven years old.

10. Where possible, we use electric powered vehicles or those that run on LPG, but this is dependent on location and availability of the fuel source.

11. Herbicides will normally be non-residual and provide minimum risk to the environment, i.e. Gallop Hi-Active. The data sheet can be added as an Appendix..........

12. Fertilisers, where possible, will be of an organic nature to minimise nitrate leaching.

13. Shrub and flower borders will be mulched, where permitted, to use this by-product in an environmentally friendly way at the same time reducing the use of herbicides.

14. Oils for machinery will be of a bio-degradable vegetable derivative to reduce pollution.

15. Any timber used will be from a renewable source

16. Where feasible, plants will be grown and supplied in peat free composts using alternative by-products such as bark or cocoa-shell.

The above list identifies systems which are in place now, and whilst not exhaustive, these systems are continually monitored for improvements whenever possible.
Information to be supplied if required

Generic Tree Management Plan
Habitat Survey and Protected Species Assessment September 2006
Example Copy of Contractors Annual Report.
Example Copy of Contractors Monthly Report